

United States Department of Agriculture National Agricultural Statistics Service



Texas Crop Progress and Condition

Southern Plains Regional Field Office
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Issue: TX-CW0819 Weekly Summary for March 18-24 Released: March 25, 2019

Much of the state experienced warmer temperatures during the past week. Precipitation ranging from 0.5 to 2.0 inches was reported in the Northern Plains, North East Texas, the Blacklands, and the Trans-Pecos. However, the rest of the state recorded little to no rainfall. Areas of severe drought were developing in South Texas. There were 5.8 days suitable for fieldwork.

Small Grains: Wheat producers continued to apply irrigation, fertilizer, and weed control in areas of the Northern High Plains. Recent rains and warmer temperatures improved wheat condition in the Low Plains. Freeze damage was reported in wheat in areas of South Central Texas. Wheat was in the heading stage in the Coastal Bend and South Texas. Small grains condition was mostly good in the Blacklands, the Cross Timbers and the Edwards Plateau.

Row Crops: Field work in preparation for cotton planting was active in the Low Plains, South East Texas, the Trans-Pecos and the Edwards Plateau. Meanwhile, cotton planting continued in the Coastal Bend, the Upper Coast and South Texas. Corn planting was ongoing in the Southern Low Plains, the Cross Timbers, the Blacklands and South Central Texas. Corn and sorghum were emerging in the Coastal Bend and the Blacklands. Producers continued planting sorghum in the Upper Coast and the Edwards Plateau. Rice was being planted in the Upper Coast.

Fruit, Vegetable and Specialty Crops: Some vegetable producers in South Texas were preparing fields for the next season, while others were already planting. Spinach harvest continued. Growth of onions and cabbage continued to progress.

Livestock, Range and Pasture: Livestock condition across the state remained mostly fair to good. Use of supplemental feed, while continuing, had decreased across much of the state. Wild hogs were still causing problems in North East Texas. Pasture and range condition was rated 73 percent fair to good.

Crop Condition

Crop		Po	Index ¹				
Стор	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor	Very Poor	2019	2018
Wheat	7	32	39	16	6	64	35
Oats	2	40	40	10	8	65	58
Range and Pasture	4	32	41	18	5		

¹ The formula for the condition index is I = (5V + 25P + 60F + 90G + 110E)/100 where I = crop condition index and V, P, F, G, E = percentage of crop rated very poor, poor, fair, good, excellent.

Crop Progress

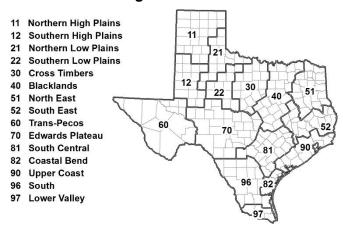
		0.0p0g.000					
Stago	Percent of Acreage						
Stage	Current Week	Previous Week	Previous Year	5 Year Average			
Corn							
Planted	38	26	42	31			
Emerged	12	(NA)	17	7			
Cotton							
Planted	3	(NA)	7	3			
Rice							
Planted	15	(NA)	44	16			
Sorghum							
Planted	35	19	31	23			
Winter Wheat							
Headed	1	(NA)	4	4			
Dats		,					
Headed	2	(NA)	14	8			

(NA) Not available.

Soil Moisture and Days Suitable by District

	Topsoil Moisture Condition by District Subsoil Moisture Condition by District							Days	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								Suitable for
District	Percentage of Acreage				Percentage of Acreage				
	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Very Short	Short	Adequate	Surplus	Fieldwork
11	14	24	62	0	11	26	63	0	5.1
12	1	67	31	1	1	35	61	3	5.7
21	20	44	36	0	10	48	42	0	5.9
22	5	27	65	3	3	16	74	7	6.1
30	2	15	82	1	1	5	94	0	6.3
40	0	5	65	30	0	2	65	33	5.2
51	0	5	75	20	0	3	77	20	6.8
52	2	7	73	18	1	7	68	24	6.8
60	30	29	41	0	33	28	39	0	6.1
70	2	24	73	1	1	22	76	1	6.2
81	1	50	48	1	1	27	70	2	6.3
82	0	22	78	0	0	8	89	3	5.9
90	0	5	65	30	0	3	28	69	6.0
96	18	39	43	0	18	36	46	0	6.5
97	20	60	20	0	20	60	20	0	7.0
State	7	31	55	7	5	22	63	10	5.8

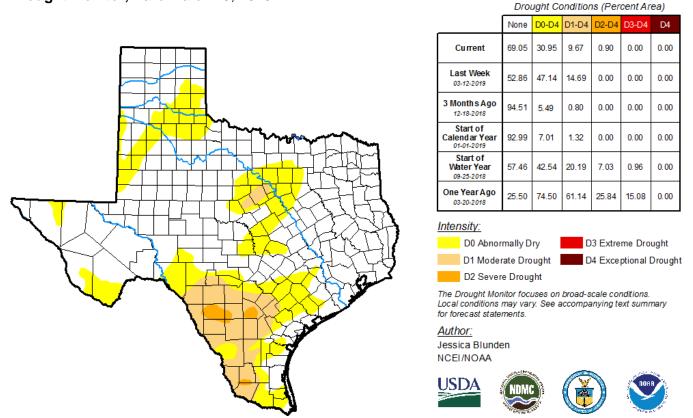
Texas Agricultural Districts



Seven Day Observed Regional Precipitation, March 24, 2019.

Source: National Weather Service, www.nws.noaa.gov.

Drought Monitor, Valid March 19, 2019.



Source: National Drought Mitigation Center, a partnership with USDA, U.S. Department of Commerce/NOAA, http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu.

